

Quarterly Family Care Activity Report

For the quarter ending September 30, 2001

November 2001

Department of Health and Family Services Office of Strategic Finance Center for Delivery Systems Development

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Family Care is an innovative long-term care program being piloted by nine counties in Wisconsin. The Governor and Legislature authorized this program in order to develop and test a comprehensive and flexible long term care service system that will:

- Give people better choices about where they live and what kinds of services and supports they get to meet their needs;
- Improve access to services;
- Improve quality through a focus on health and social outcomes; and
- Create a cost-effective system for the future.

Family Care was designed primarily to serve three target populations: frail elderly individuals and adults with physical or developmental disabilities. Family Care has two major organizational components:

• Aging and Disability Resource Centers offer information, assistance, and a limited number of services to the general public with a focus on issues affecting older people, people with disabilities, and their families. These centers provide information, advice and access to a wide variety of services. They also serve as a clearinghouse for information about long term care for physicians, hospital discharge planners, and other professionals who work with older people or people with disabilities. Services are provided through the telephone or in visits to individuals' homes.

Aging and Disability Resource Centers began operating in early 1998. Currently resource centers are operational in nine counties: Fond du Lac, La Crosse, Milwaukee (serving the elderly population only), Portage, Richland, Marathon, Trempealeau, and Jackson. Two resource centers serve Kenosha County—one for individuals with developmental disabilities, and one for elderly individuals and individuals with physical disabilities.

• Care Management Organizations (CMOs) manage and deliver a wide variety of covered long term care services, known as the Family Care benefit, for financially eligible elderly individuals and adults with disabilities. The Family Care benefit combines funding and services from a variety of existing programs into one flexible package of long term care services, tailored to each individual's needs, circumstances and preferences. CMOs develop and manage a comprehensive set of long term care services and support, either by providing the service with CMO staff or by purchasing the service from other providers. Each CMO receives a flat monthly payment for each member enrolled in the CMO, who may be living at home, in a group living situation, or in a nursing facility.

Care Management Organization (CMO) sites began operating in 2000. Currently, five CMOs are operational in five counties: Fond du Lac, La Crosse, Milwaukee (serving the elderly population only), Portage, and Richland.

Resource Center Information and Assistance

Individuals who need information and assistance related to long term care services get in touch with resource centers in several ways. Some individuals are referred to the resource center by facilities that provide residential long term care, which are required by law to inform the resource centers of individuals who are seeking admission. These referrals are known as pre-admission consultation (PAC) referrals. Individuals also contact the resource centers in response to outreach activities that publicize resource center services among Family Care's target populations.

Table 1 presents the number of PAC referrals received by each resource center during the four most recently completed quarters; Table 2 presents the source of these referrals by facility type.

Table 1 **Pre-Admission Consultation Referrals Received**Most recent four quarters

Resource Center	October – December 2000	January - March 2001	April - June 2001	July - September 2001	Total
Counties with CMOs					
Fond du Lac	15	79	37	63	194
La Crosse	126	208	196	234	764
Milwaukee*	532	535	474	446	1,987
Portage	24	40	42	70	176
Richland	2	20	24	39	85
Counties without CMOs					
Jackson*	10	37	43	22	112
Kenosha Aging & PD	170	189	157	120	636
Kenosha DD	0	0	0	0	0
Marathon	46	76	54	54	230
Trempealeau*	33	11	5	8	57
Total	958	1,195	1,032	1,056	4,241

^{*} May include referrals from sources in addition to nursing homes, community based residential facilities (CBRFs), residential care apartment complexes (RCACs), and adult family homes (AFHs).

Table 2
Source of Pre-Admission Consultation Referrals
Most recent four quarters

Facility Type	October – December 2000	January - March 2001	April - June 2001	July - September 2001	Total
Nursing Home	328	509	443	489	1,769
Community-Based Residential Facility	40	81	58	82	261
Residential Care Apartment Complex	15	22	8	9	54
Adult Family Home	0	0	1	0	1
Facility Type Not Reported*	575	583	522	476	2,156
Total	958	1,195	1,032	1,056	4,241

^{*} May include referrals from sources in addition to nursing homes, community based residential facilities (CBRFs), residential care apartment complexes (RCACs), and adult family homes (AFHs).

Table 3 presents the number of information and assistance contacts for each resource center for the four most recently completed quarters. The number of contacts is only an approximation of the number of individuals who received information and assistance from the resource centers; one person may have made more than one contact during this period, while other single contacts assisted more than one person. A contact is defined as an exchange between a person seeking assistance or information and a resource center staff person trained to provide that assistance.

Table 3

Resource Center Contacts for Information and Assistance

Most recent four quarters

Resource Center	October - December 2000	January - March 2001	April - June 2001	July - September 2001	Total
Counties with CMOs					
Fond du Lac	556	766	933	1,066	3,321
La Crosse	765	918	1,148	1,291	4,122
Milwaukee	9,042	10,714	9,813	9,150	38,719
Portage	2,044	2,370	1,835	1,728	7,977
Richland	49	186	158	213	606
Counties without CMOs					
Jackson	171	171	159	156	657
Kenosha Aging & PD	1,664	1,504	1,538	1,416	6,122
Kenosha DD	170	195	149	208	722
Marathon	1,014	1,019	724	761	3,518
Trempealeau	265	262	288	306	1,121
Total	15,740	18,105	16,745	16,295	66,885

Table 4 presents information about the types of information and assistance that people requested from the resource centers during the most recent quarter. The number of issues for which people sought help differs from the number of contacts reported in Table 3, because many contacts include requests for information or assistance with several issues. The categories have been defined as:

- **Basic needs and financial related**: Contacts seeking information or assistance related to issues such as benefits, Medical Assistance, health insurance, money problems, paying for food, shelter (other than residential long term care), heating or air-conditioning or phone service, evictions, problems paying bills, or paying for medical care or drugs.
- **Disability and long-term-care-related services**: Contacts seeking information or assistance related to services such as home support, care management, respite, equipment and training, transition planning, independent living skills, and hospice services.
- Long-term-care-related living arrangements: Contacts seeking information or assistance related to consideration of permanent moves or temporary arrangements that are being contemplated because of a health, disability or frailty; home modifications or special living arrangements.
- Health: Contacts seeking information or assistance related to issues such as declining health, recuperative care, diseases, conditions, dementia, health, health promotion or medical care, or health equipment loaning.

- **Transportation**: Contacts seeking information or assistance related to arrangements and information on transportation issues and program information.
- Paying for disability and long term care related services: Contacts seeking information or
 assistance related to paying for long term care services, including issues such as the ability to
 afford services and questions related to financial eligibility for a variety of long term care
 programs.
- **Nutrition**: Contacts seeking information or assistance related to services such as congregate or home-delivered meals, or nutrition counseling (i.e., diabetic or renal diet issues).
- **Home maintenance**: Contacts seeking information or assistance related to issues such as chores, housecleaning, yard work, general home repairs, and home safety, other than home modifications needed to address a disability.
- **Legal**: Contacts seeking information or assistance related to tax law, power of attorney, guardianship, consumer rights, advocacy, discrimination, or complaints.
- **Life enhancement**: Contacts seeking information or assistance related to recreation, education that is not job related, social programs, or volunteerism.
- **Adult Protective Services**: Contacts seeking information or assistance related to, or reports of, abuse, neglect, self neglect, domestic violence.
- **Behavioral health**: Contacts seeking information or assistance related to issues such as mental health, substance abuse, alcohol concerns and treatments, depression, grief counseling.
- **Employment and training**: Contacts seeking information or assistance related to vocational rehabilitation, work, jobs, or training.

Table 4 **Issues Presented by Resource Center Contacts**July through September 2001

Focus of Inquiry	Number of Requests	Percentage
Disability and long term care related services	4,534	20.06%
Basic needs and financial related	4,291	18.99%
Long term care related living arrangements	3,485	15.42%
Health	2,266	10.03%
Paying for disability and long term care related services	1,882	8.33%
Nutrition	1,420	6.28%
Transportation	1,197	5.30%
Legal	1,013	4.48%
Home maintenance	730	3.23%
Life enhancement	638	2.82%
Adult Protective Services (APS)	568	2.51%
Behavioral health	327	1.45%
Employment and training	247	1.09%
Total	22,598	100.00%

Table 5 presents information on the outcomes of contacts that were accomplished during the most recently completed quarter. The number of outcomes will not necessarily equal the number of contacts shown on Table 3 or the number of issues raised shown in Table 4, for several reasons. One referral might resolve several issues, or one issue might require more than one referral. In addition, a contact that was initiated near the end of one quarter might not reach an outcome until after the beginning of the next.

Referrals are distinguished from giving people information, in that the resource center refers the caller to other services or resources, or is actively involved in obtaining a service or resource for a caller. The categories of outcomes have been defined as:

- **Information about long term care services or resources**: Contact involves long term care related information regarding services, resources, etc.
- **Information about other services or resources**: Contact involves other services, resources and/or other information.
- **Referral to Functional Screen**: This should include all referrals for a Functional Screen which may include resource center-based long term care options counseling.
- **Referral to private long term care services**: This would include formal referrals to noncounty agencies on behalf of private pay individuals.
- Referral to public funding for programs such as Medicare, Medicaid, Food Stamps, Social Security: Includes referrals made to link people to government benefits, such as to an Economic Support Unit/Worker, Benefit Specialist and Social Security Administration.
- **Referral to APS**: Any referral to the County APS staff and/or elder abuse workers for elder abuse, financial abuse, self neglect, placements, etc.
- **Referral to emergency services**: This would include services/actions to be delivered within 24 hours. It would include emergency food delivery, shelter, or emergency respite care or other immediate intervention.
- Referral to services/resources other than emergency APS or LTC: This category covers all other referrals.
- Needs brief or short term services, follow-along or service coordination: The use of this category will depend on the resource center. If the I&A worker sends all in-house referrals to either a long term care unit or a distinct "access" unit, he or she may not know whether a contact requires brief services, and he or she would not be in the position of "following" contacts.

• **Noted for follow-up contact**: The I&A worker is providing information only, and making no referrals, *but* keeps a record of the contact in order to follow-up to make sure that the caller is okay, and/or to determine if the information was acted upon.

Table 5

Outcomes of Information & Assistance Contacts
July through September 2001

Outcome of Contact	Number	Percentage
Information about long term care services or resources	8,725	43.67%
Information about other services or resources	2,841	14.22%
Referral to functional screen	2,629	13.16%
Referral to services/resources other than emergency APS or LTC	1,926	9.64%
Needs brief or short term services, follow-along, or service coordination	1,495	7.48%
Referral to public funding*	918	4.60%
Noted for follow-up contact	666	3.33%
Referral to APS	427	2.14%
Referral to private long term care services	301	1.51%
Referral to emergency services	50	0.25%
Total	19,978	100.00%

^{*}For programs such as Medicare, Medicaid, Food Stamps, Social Security

Long Term Care Functional Screen

The Long Term Care Functional Screen is an assessment tool that identifies the long term care needs of an individual and is used to establish eligibility for certain programs, including the Family Care benefit. Functional screens are provided to individuals for one of three reasons:

- They are not currently Family Care members, but are seeking assessment of their long term care needs for the purposes of considering their options (initial screens);
- They are CMO members whose functional needs are being reassessed for annual eligibility recertification; or
- They are CMO members who have recently experienced a change in condition, and need to have their needs reassessed.

Only resource centers administer initial screens; CMOs may administer annual and change-incondition screens for their members.

Table 6 presents the number of *initial* functional screens completed during the most recent quarter. Not all of these individuals will seek enrollment in Family Care or publicly funded long term care; in fact, many are not eligible. However, the figures provide an indication of the number of adults, by target group, who are actively exploring their long term care needs with the help of the nine resource centers. Figure 1 provides a graphic representation of this information for the most recent four quarters.

Table 6
Initial Long Term Care Functional Screens Completed by Target Group
July through September 2001

Resource Center	Elderly	Developmental Disability	Physical Disability	Total
Counties with CMOs				
Fond du Lac	66	3	19	88
La Crosse	86	21	33	140
Milwaukee	613	0	8	621
Portage	69	10	15	94
Richland	24	12	8	44
Counties without CMOs				
Jackson	7	0	0	7
Kenosha Aging & PD	66	0	23	89
Kenosha DD	0	3	0	3
Marathon	44	1	4	49
Trempealeau	10	0	1	11
Total	985	50	111	1,146

Figure 1

Initial Long Term Care Functional Screens by Target Group

Most recent four quarters

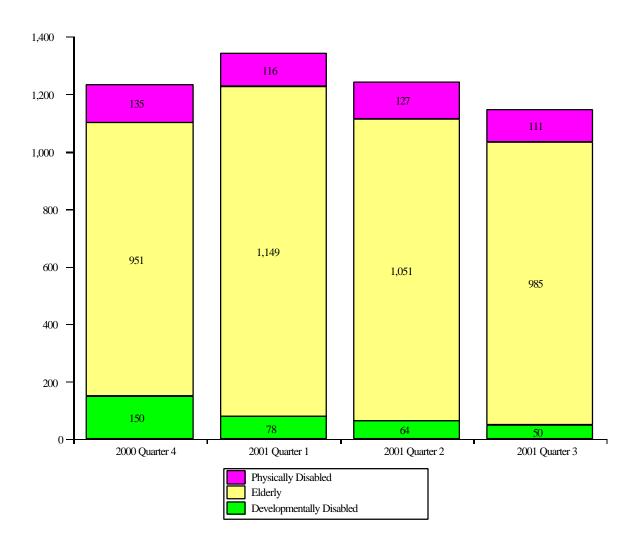
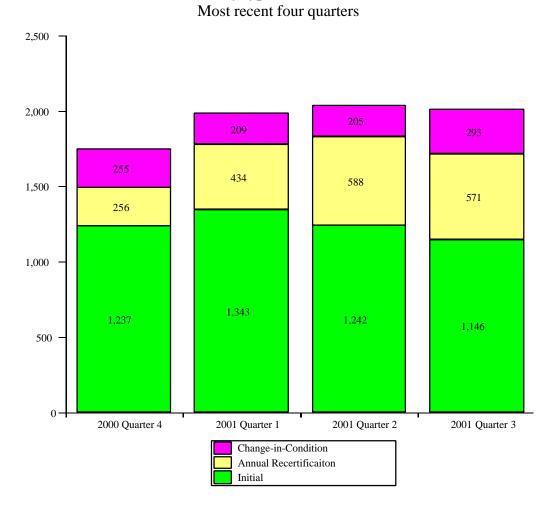


Table 7 presents the total number of long term care functional screens, of any type, that were completed using the most recent quarter. Figure 2 provides a graphic representation of this information for the most recent four quarters.

Table 7 **Long Term Care Functional Screens Completed, By target group and type of screen**July through September 2001

Type of Screen	Elderly	Developmental Disability	Physical Disability	Total
Initial	985	50	111	1,146
Change-in-Condition	221	32	40	293
Annual Recertification	316	192	63	571
Total	1,522	274	214	2,010

Figure 2
Long Term Care Functional Screens Completed,
By type of screen



Enrollment in Family Care CMOs

Tables 8, 9, and 10 present enrollment as of September 30, 2001, by target group, level of care and Medicaid status. These figures include all members whose eligibility for the Family Care benefit had been determined and recorded as of mid-November 2001. Enrollment procedures for additional individuals are underway. Some of the enrollments that are currently in progress will be recorded retroactively (that is, an enrollment may be recorded in December, retroactively effective as of October.) As a result, enrollment figures for the most recent months *do not yet represent the total enrollment* that will be achieved after all in-process enrollments are completed.

Table 8 **Total CMO Enrollment by Target Group**September 30, 2001

County	Developmental Disability	Elderly	Physical Disability	Target Group not recorded*	Total
Fond du Lac	264	350	84	4	702
La Crosse	306	397	232	9	944
Milwaukee	0	1,702	6	80	1,788
Portage	146	192	69	45	452
Richland	63	94	28	1	186
Total	779	2,735	419	139	4,072

^{*} CMO members who were determined to be eligible based on Version I of the Long Term Care Functional Screen do not have their target group identified.

Tables 9 and 10 present Family Care enrollment by level of care and by Medicaid status. Payment is provided to the CMOs on the basis of each member's level of care, either comprehensive or intermediate. A few members are 'grandfathered,' that is, do not meet functional eligibility criteria, but are enrolled on the basis of previous enrollment in related programs. The comprehensive level includes people who are functionally eligible for nursing home care under Medicaid requirements. The intermediate level includes people who need help with only one or a few daily activities and therefore are not eligible for nursing home care, but who are otherwise eligible for Medicaid or are in need of adult protective services. CMOs receive a higher monthly payment for comprehensive enrollees, which includes both federal and state funding, and a lower monthly payment for intermediate enrollees, which is funded entirely by the State. The comprehensive level includes a few people who are not functionally eligible for nursing home care, but who have very high needs for assistance. For these people, DHFS pays the CMO the higher monthly rate, but with no federal match funding unless the person has regular Medicaid.

Table 9

CMO Enrollment by Level of Care
September 30, 2001

County	Comprehensive	Intermediate	Grandfathered	Total
Fond du Lac	701	1	0	702
La Crosse	922	18	4	944
Milwaukee	1,785	3	0	1,788
Portage	432	19	1	452
Richland	184	2	0	186
Total	4,024	43	5	4,072

Table 10 **CMO Enrollment by Medicaid Status**September 30, 2001

County	MA Eligible	Non-MA Eligible	Total
Fond du Lac	692	10	702
La Crosse	895	49	944
Milwaukee	1,676	112	1,788
Portage	423	29	452
Richland	172	14	186
Total	3,858	214	4,072

Figure 3

CMO Enrollment

Most recent four quarters

